FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SINGLE AUDIT INFORMATION

For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023



FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SINGLE AUDIT INFORMATION For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. BOARD OF DIRECTORS June 30, 2024

Chris Hemmings Chair

Tiffany Mellow Treasurer

Laurie Hauber Director

Colin Morgan Director Samantha Snyder Vice Chair

Justin King Past Chair

Andrew Kalloch Director

Rico Perez Director Michelle Thurston Secretary

Caity Hatteras Director

Anjit Kaur Anand Director

Clinton Sandvick Director



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors FOOD for Lane County, Inc. Eugene, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of FOOD for Lane County, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of FOOD for Lane County, Inc. as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of FOOD for Lane County, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

The Right People Beside You.	-		EUGENE	260 Country Club Road	HILLSBORO	6723 NE Bennett St.
> jrcpa.com	Suite 2 Bend, C	01 OR 97702		Suite 100 Eugene, OR 97401		Suite 220 Hillsboro, OR 97124
	phone (541)	382-3590	phone	(541) 687–2320	phone	(503) 648–0521
	fax (541) 3	382-3587	fax	(541) 485-0960	fax	(503) 648–2692

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2024, on our consideration of FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jones Roth P.C.

Jones & Roth, P.C. Eugene, Oregon October 30, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION June 30, 2024 and 2023

		2024	 2023
Assets			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 4) Grants and program receivables (Note 5) Promises to give receivable, current Certificates of deposit, short-term Inventory (Note 6) Prepaid expenses	\$	4,305,044 4,378,212 791,615 26,396 - 1,157,388 269,190	\$ 1,049,691 4,650,777 498,858 62,232 1,926,619 1,066,347 146,397
Total current assets		10,927,845	 9,400,921
Property and equipment, net (Note 7)		13,147,798	 11,319,274
Other assets Beneficial interest in the assets of OCF (Note 8) Promises to give receivable, long-term Restricted investments held for endowment fund Total other assets Total assets	\$	2,312,396 - 62,327 2,374,723 26,450,366	\$ 2,080,068 5,396 60,076 2,145,540 22,865,735
Liabilities and Net Asset	S		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and other liabilities Accrued payroll, vacation and related payroll liabilities Total current liabilities	\$	348,563 390,164 738,727	\$ 228,776 403,126 631,902
Net assets Without donor restrictions: Undesignated Held as property and equipment Board-designated (Note 10) Total without donor restrictions With donor restrictions (Note 11)		5,706,829 13,147,798 2,643,293 21,497,920 4,213,719	 6,772,038 11,319,274 2,473,510 20,564,822 1,669,011
Total net assets		25,711,639	 22,233,833
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	26,450,366	\$ 22,865,735

FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		 Total
Revenue and other support					
Contributions and promises to give	\$	4,132,131	\$	564,144	\$ 4,696,275
Corporate and foundation grants		634,671		4,139,678	4,774,349
Government grants		219,825		2,785,524	3,005,349
Government program contracts		792,176		-	792,176
Wholesale revenue and program sales		214,610		-	214,610
Donated food (Note 12)		-		10,869,485	10,869,485
Government food and commodities (Note 12)		-		2,635,087	2,635,087
Donated goods and services		72,800		3,000	75,800
Donated goods and services - capital					
campaign contributions		-		-	-
Miscellaneous income		67,640		-	67,640
Investment and interest income, net		464,294		-	464,294
Change in beneficial interest in					
the assets of the OCF		232,328		-	232,328
Net assets released from restrictions		18,452,210		(18,452,210)	 -
Total revenue and other support		25,282,685		2,544,708	 27,827,393
Expenses					
Food and hunger programs		22,338,453		-	22,338,453
Resource development		1,176,395		-	1,176,395
Administration		834,739		-	 834,739
Total expenses		24,349,587			24,349,587
Total expenses		24,349,307			 24,349,307
Change in net assets		933,098		2,544,708	3,477,806
Net assets, beginning of year		20,564,822		1,669,011	 22,233,833
Net assets, end of year	\$	21,497,920	\$	4,213,719	\$ 25,711,639

FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		 Total
Revenue and other support					
Contributions and promises to give	\$	4,152,375	\$	405,061	\$ 4,557,436
Corporate and foundation grants		1,069,020		359,598	1,428,618
Government grants		340,261		1,393,516	1,733,777
Government program contracts		567,571		-	567,571
Wholesale revenue and program sales		205,730		-	205,730
Donated food (Note 12)		-		9,558,261	9,558,261
Government food and commodities (Note 12)		-		1,911,738	1,911,738
Donated goods and services		107,317		315,409	422,726
Donated goods and services - capital					
campaign contributions		-		5,000	5,000
Miscellaneous income		69,853		-	69,853
Investment and interest income, net		211,653		-	211,653
Change in beneficial interest in					
the assets of the OCF		144,139		-	144,139
Net assets released from restrictions		15,777,939		(15,777,939)	 -
Total revenue and other support		22,645,858		(1,829,356)	 20,816,502
Expenses					
Food and hunger programs		19,783,631		-	19,783,631
Resource development		1,141,826		-	1,141,826
Administration		623,676			 623,676
Total expenses		21,549,133		-	 21,549,133
Change in net assets		1,096,725		(1,829,356)	(732,631)
Net assets, beginning of year		19,468,097		3,498,367	 22,966,464
Net assets, end of year	\$	20,564,822	\$	1,669,011	\$ 22,233,833

FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Food and Hunger Programs	Resource Development	Administration	Total
Operating expenses				
Personnel expenses:				
Salaries	\$ 3,179,239	\$ 563,249	\$ 556,712	\$ 4,299,200
Payroll taxes	285,388	55,855	61,071	402,314
Health and pension benefits	667,392	108,774	90,129	866,295
Total personnel expenses	4,132,019	727,878	707,912	5,567,809
Non-personnel expenses:				
Donated goods distributed	13,470,021	-	-	13,470,021
Food purchases	2,490,120	-	-	2,490,120
Non-food purchases	141,761	-	-	141,761
Delivery and vehicle expenses	105,453	-	-	105,453
Program supplies and services	210,750	2,223	3,742	216,715
Insurance	35,440	5,488	3,362	44,290
Facilities rental	23,343	-	-	23,343
Repairs and maintenance	127,062	6,428	4,498	137,988
Equipment, rentals, and leases	32,591	2,611	1,210	36,412
Office expense	14,941	2,759	7,714	25,414
Telecommunications	39,674	3,495	3,771	46,940
Dues, publications, and awards	2,935	1,573	1,591	6,099
Travel, training, and conferences	55,568	3,873	11,853	71,294
Consultants and contractual services	241,844	50,124	58,313	350,281
Special events, direct mail,	0 206	207 012		215 400
and promotional Utilities	8,396 217,891	307,012 3,043	- 2,113	315,408 223,047
Miscellaneous	4,071	3,043 1,719	8,703	14,493
Loss on disposal of assets	4,071	1,719	6,784	6,784
Grants to partner agencies	- 221,949	-	0,704	221,949
Capital campaign expenses	221,949	-	-	221,949
In-kind services and supplies	- 37,598	- 35,042	- 160	- 72,800
Interest expense	57,590	55,042	190	190
Depreciation and amortization	725,026	- 23,127	12,823	760,976
	123,020	20,127	12,025	100,910
Total non-personnel expenses	18,206,434	448,517	126,827	18,781,778
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 22,338,453</u>	<u>\$ 1,176,395</u>	<u>\$ 834,739</u>	<u>\$ 24,349,587</u>

FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Food and Hunger Programs		Resource evelopment	<u>Adı</u>	ministration		Total
Operating expenses								
Personnel expenses:	•	0 000 507	•	544.000	•	004.007	•	0 700 000
Salaries	\$	2,890,527	\$	511,339	\$	394,967	\$	3,796,833
Payroll taxes		321,082		52,967		31,216		405,265
Health and pension benefits		555,178		101,894		69,454		726,526
Total personnel expenses		3,766,787		666,200		495,637		4,928,624
Non-personnel expenses:								
Donated goods distributed		11,938,390		-		-		11,938,390
Food purchases		1,996,277		-		-		1,996,277
Non-food purchases		119,523		-		-		119,523
Delivery and vehicle expenses		107,942		-		-		107,942
Program supplies and services		228,916		1,741		1,249		231,906
Insurance		34,075		5,357		3,245		42,677
Facilities rental		35,436		4,310		-		39,746
Repairs and maintenance		138,369		5,359		3,801		147,529
Equipment, rentals, and leases		24,106		1,718		1,009		26,833
Office expense		23,977		5,727		7,875		37,579
Telecommunications		32,415		3,607		1,741		37,763
Dues, publications, and awards		3,378		2,943		1,010		7,331
Travel, training, and conferences		40,147		3,409		4,012		47,568
Consultants and contractual services		164,452		66,380		43,339		274,171
Special events, direct mail,								
and promotional		8,279		261,809		-		270,088
Utilities		210,865		3,127		2,239		216,231
Miscellaneous		7,191		1,339		26,088		34,618
Loss on disposal of assets		-		-		23,067		23,067
Grants to partner agencies		177,534		-		-		177,534
Capital campaign expenses		-		18,969		-		18,969
In-kind services and supplies		44,737		69,395		-		114,132
Interest expense		-		-		-		-
Depreciation and amortization		680,835		20,436		9,364		710,635
Total non-personnel expenses		16,016,844		475,626		128,039		16,620,509
Total operating expenses	\$	19,783,631	\$	1,141,826	\$	623,676	\$	21,549,133

FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	 2023
Cash flows from operating activities		
Change in net assets	\$ 3,477,806	\$ (732,631)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	760,976	710,635
Loss on asset disposal	6,784	23,067
Donated property and equipment	(103,000)	(313,594)
Unrealized (gains) losses on investments	(177,437)	(47,798)
Net change in beneficial interest in the assets of OCF	(232,328)	(144,139)
Contribution of investments	(53,534)	(54,621)
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:		
Grants and program receivables	(292,757)	249,828
Promises to give receivable	41,232	1,939,638
Inventory	(91,041)	441,028
Prepaid expenses	(122,793)	(3,350)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		, ,
Accounts payable and other liabilities	119,786	34,880
Accrued payroll, vacation, and related payroll liabilities	(12,962)	70,643
Net cash provided by operating activities	 3,320,732	 2,173,586
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of investments	(1,845,628)	(2,256,584)
Proceeds from sales of investments	2,349,164	292,857
Purchases of certificate of deposits	-	(1,511,465)
Proceeds from maturity of certificate of deposit	1,926,619	1,908,711
Proceeds from sale of equipment	9,759	3,899
Purchase of property and equipment	(2,503,042)	(1,838,476)
Net change in restricted investments held for endowment	(2,251)	(62)
Deposits to beneficial interest in assets of OCF	-	(250,000)
Proceeds from beneficial interest in assets of OCF	_	35,728
Net cash used by investing activities	 (65,379)	 (3,615,392)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,255,353	(1,441,806)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 1,049,691	 2,491,497
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 4,305,044	\$ 1,049,691

		2024		2023
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information Cash paid for interest	<u>\$</u>	190	<u>\$</u>	
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities Total increase in property and equipment Donated property and equipment Change in accounts payable, construction	\$	2,606,042 (103,000) -	\$	1,551,957 (313,594) 600,113
Cash paid for purchase of property and equipment	\$	2,503,042	\$	1,838,476

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Organization

FOOD for Lane County, Inc. (FFLC), a nonprofit organization, is a regional food bank serving all of Lane County, Oregon. FFLC solicits, grows, rescues, and collects food which is then distributed through nonprofit member agencies providing food box programs, emergency shelters, soup kitchens, and residential treatment services. FFLC strives to increase public awareness of hunger. Approximately 8,612,000 pounds and 8,042,000 pounds of food were distributed in the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

A substantial amount of support comes from donated food, including donations of commodities received through Oregon Food Bank; food rescued from restaurants, grocery stores, and the University of Oregon; and donations of food by the general public.

Financial Statement Preparation

The financial statements of FFLC have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and accordingly reflect all significant receivables, payables, and other liabilities. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), FFLC reports financial information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets with donor restrictions and net assets without donor restrictions.

Recent Accounting Standard Adopted

On July 1, 2023, FFLC adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-13 Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): *Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, and all related amendments (ASC 326), which replaced the incurred loss methodology for recognizing credit losses with an expected loss methodology that is referred to as the current expected credit loss (CECL) methodology. CECL requires an estimate of lifetime expected credit losses to be recognized for financial assets based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts, and for the financial assets to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected on the balance sheet. Financial assets held by FFLC that are subject to ASC 326 are program accounts receivable. The impact of adoption was not considered material to the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Tax Status

FFLC is an exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). In addition, FFLC qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a)(2). FFLC files required informational returns with both the U.S. federal jurisdiction and the State of Oregon.

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, FFLC considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less and without donor restriction to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents include savings, checking accounts, money market funds, treasury bills with less than 13 week original maturity, and certificates of deposit with less than three months original maturity.

Investments

Investments are measured at fair value in the statements of financial position. Investment income or loss (including gains and losses on investments, interest and dividends) is included in the statements of activities as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restriction, unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law.

Grants and Program Receivables

Grants and program receivables are primarily comprised of amounts receivable from state and local governments and other agencies that provide assistance to FFLC for its programs. Receivables are uncollateralized. Management considers historical write-offs and future expected conditions and events when assessing the need for an allowance. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, management considers the amounts fully collectible; therefore, management has elected not to record an allowance. Receivables are not secured.

Promises to Give Receivable

Promises to give receivable are uncollateralized and recognized when the unconditional promises to give are made. Management has assessed the collectability of promises to give receivable and as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, management considers the amount fully collectible; therefore, management has elected not to record an allowance. Promises to give receivable are stated at the amount FFLC expects to collect.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost or, if donated, at the approximate fair market value at the date of donation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated lives of the assets. Property and equipment with a cost of \$2,500 or more are capitalized.

Donations of property and equipment are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Such donations are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted contributions. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, FFLC reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service. FFLC reclassifies net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions at that time.

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Leases

FFLC assesses whether an arrangement qualifies as a lease at the lease's inception. Under ASC 842, a contract is (or contains) a lease if it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is defined under the standard as having both the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and the right to direct the use of the asset. Management only reassesses its determination if the terms and conditions of the arrangement are changed.

FFLC has elected the short-term lease recognition exemption for all classes of underlying assets. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less, that do not include an option to purchase the underlying asset that FFLC is reasonably certain to exercise, are not recorded on the statement of financial position. Lease expense is recognized for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. When the implicit rate is not readily determinable for FFLC's leases, management has elected to use the risk-free rate at the commencement date for all classes of underlying assets in determining the present value of lease payments. Agreements with lease and non-lease components are generally accounted for separately with amounts allocated to the lease and non-lease components based on observable stand-alone prices.

Revenue and Support

Program contracts and sales revenue – Program contract revenue is comprised from amounts received for meal delivery and other program services. Program contract revenue is recognized based on prices specified in the contracts and is recognized at the point in time the services are performed and/or the goods are delivered under the contract terms, which is considered satisfaction of the performance obligation. Revenue from sales of goods is recognized at the time the sale is made and the goods are delivered, which is considered satisfaction of the performance obligation. There are no elements of variable consideration incorporated into the contracts and there are no significant estimates required related to recognition of the revenues. Contract revenue is recognized when services are provided under the terms of the contract; contract revenue is considered to be without donor restrictions.

Contributions and grants – Contribution and grant revenue is recognized when the contribution or grant is promised or made and are recorded as support that is either with or without donor restrictions. Classifications based on the existence and nature of any donor restrictions on the contribution. Support that is restricted by the donor is reported as restricted revenue and is released to net assets without donor restrictions when the restriction is met.

Donated financial assets – Donated marketable securities and similar assets are recorded as contributions at their fair market value at the date of donation using information available for identical assets on an active market (level 1 inputs). Donated marketable securities are immediately sold (monetized) and gain or loss, if significant, is recognized for the change in value from the date of donation to the date of sale.

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Revenue and Support, continued

Donated goods and services – FFLC receives various forms of donated goods and services including food and government food and commodities, auction items, equipment and other items which are recorded at estimated fair market value. Donated government food and commodities are valued using the values provided by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) which approximate fair values. Other donated food is valued at a per pound estimated value that is based on values provided by Feeding America, which are derived by Feeding America based on studies performed which include a review of product categories and wholesale prices using a national wholesaler's pricing catalogue, as modified to reflect the actual product mix of donated food received by FFLC. Other contributions for goods are valued based upon estimates of fair market value that would be received for selling the goods in their principal market considering their condition and utility at the time the goods are contributed by the donor. Values assigned to donated services are based upon estimates of fair market value for similar using standard industry pricing; typically, values are provided by those providing the donated services. Donated goods and services are generally utilized by FFLC in its programs and supporting services and are not generally monetized.

Share Contribution and USDA Reimbursement

Oregon Food Bank is the statewide distribution network for food donations. FFLC pays a share contribution fee at \$.04 per pound to help Oregon Food Bank offset a portion of the handling and redistribution costs they incur. FFLC does not charge a share contribution fee to its partner agencies; all agencies receive food free of charge.

Expense Allocation

FFLC allocates its expenses on a functional basis among its various programs and support services. Expenses that can be identified with a specific program and support service are allocated directly to that program or service according to their natural expenditure classification. Other expenses that are common to several functions are allocated based on employee hours worked in each program or support area.

Advertising Costs

FFLC's advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

Subsequent Events

Management evaluates events and transactions that occur after the statements of financial position date as potential subsequent events. Management has performed this evaluation through the date of the independent auditor's report.

2. Donated Goods and Services

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, total donated goods and services, were comprised of the following:

	 2024		
Food	\$ 10,869,485	\$	9,558,261
Government food and commodities	2,635,087		1,911,738
Capital assets	3,000		313,594
Other goods	57,095		71,381
Other services	 15,705		42,751
Total donated goods and services	\$ 13.580.372	\$	11.897.725

The goods and services were utilized by the following program and support services:

	2024			2023
Food and hunger programs	\$	13,545,170	\$	11,711,330
Resource development		35,042		69,395
Administration		160		117,000
Total donated goods and services	\$	13,580,372	\$	11,897,725

No amounts have been reflected in the financial statements for donated services, other than services requiring specific expertise or which create or enhance non-financial assets. However, many individuals volunteer their time and perform a variety of tasks that assist FFLC with specific programs and various committee assignments. During the year ended June 30, 2024, FFLC received approximately 58,100 volunteer hours from several thousand people. Valued at \$18.00 per hour, this would be \$1,045,800. During the year ended June 30, 2023, FFLC received approximately 53,500 volunteer hours from several thousand people. Valued at \$18.00 per hour, this would be \$963,000.

3. Liquidity and Availability of Resources

FFLC has a policy to manage its liquidity and reserves in order to meet its needs to fund operating expenditures. The following table reflects FFLC's current financial assets (cash, investments, and receivables) as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, reduced by amounts not available for general expenditures within one year:

		2024	 2023
Total financial assets	\$	11,875,990	\$ 10,333,717
Less those unavailable for general expenditure within one year due to:			
Purpose or time restrictions		(3,099,468)	(590,301)
Perpetual endowment		(48,017)	(48,017)
Board designations		<u>(2,643,293</u>)	 <u>(2,473,510</u>)
Financial assets available for general expenditure within			
one year	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,085,212</u>	\$ 7,221,889

3. Liquidity and Availability of Resources, continued

The Board reserves the right to release Board designations or to adjust the designated purpose based on changes of needs of FFLC's financial health or changes of the needs and opportunities in the community. Additionally, FFLC has access to a revolving line of credit up to \$400,000 that may be drawn upon to manage cash flow (Note 9).

4. Investments

Investments are comprised of treasury bonds, index funds and mutual funds in the bond and equity markets.

At June 30 2024 and 2023, investment and interest income, net of related investment expenses, was comprised of the following:

	 2024	2023		
Interest and dividends	\$ 309,845	\$	182,504	
Unrealized gains (losses)	176,077		47,187	
Realized gains (losses)	(1,360)		611	
Investment expenses	 (20,268)		<u>(18,649</u>)	
Total investment and interest income (loss), net	\$ 464,294	\$	211,653	

5. Grants and Program Receivables

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, grants and program receivables consisted of the following:

		2024	 2023
Program revenue related receivables Grants (contributions) receivable	\$	135,117 656,498	\$ 79,776 419,082
Total grants and program receivables	<u>\$</u>	<u>791,615</u>	\$ 498,858

Beginning balances of program revenue related receivables was \$79,776 and \$115,304 at July 1, 2023 and July 1, 2022, respectively.

6. Inventory

Inventory is valued on a first-in, first-out basis and consists of donated goods, United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodities received from the government, and purchased food. The donated goods inventory for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was stated at \$2.09 and \$1.91 per pound, respectively, and represents the estimated fair market value for food received through Oregon Food Bank or donated by the public. USDA commodities were stated at the values provided by the USDA. Purchased food inventory was stated at cost.

7. Property and Equipment

At June 30, property and equipment, net was comprised of the following:

	2024			2023
Land	\$	1,253,492	\$	696,492
Buildings		12,964,909		11,382,761
Building and leasehold improvements		127,565		121,377
Equipment		2,056,936		1,931,040
Vehicles		1,062,187		804,978
Intangible assets		88,933		88,933
Construction in process		27,410		<u> 19,590</u>
Total property and equipment		17,581,432		15,045,171
Accumulated depreciation		<u>(4,433,634</u>)		<u>(3,725,897</u>)
Total property and equipment, net	<u>\$</u>	13,147,798	<u>\$</u>	11,319,274

8. Beneficial Interest in the Assets of the Oregon Community Foundation

During 2010, FFLC established a Board-designated endowment fund with the Oregon Community Foundation (OCF). This fund is used by OCF as the source of grants without donor restriction for FFLC. The agreement with OCF stipulates OCF maintains variance power over the fund and that the fund shall be held and owned by OCF. OCF may distribute, on an annual basis, a fixed percentage of the fund assets. The percentage is determined by the Board of Directors of OCF. The agreement also provides that, upon written request from a supermajority of the Board of Directors of FFLC, additional distributions may be made from the fund assets, even to the exhaustion of the fund, if in the sole judgment of the Board of Directors of OCF the requested distribution is consistent with the objectives and purpose of FFLC. The balance of the endowment fund is reported as a beneficial interest in the assets of OCF and is included in Board-designated net assets without donor restrictions.

Income or loss on the investments held by OCF, including unrealized gains and losses on the investments, interest, and dividends, is included in the statements of activities as the net change in beneficial interest in the assets of OCF and is considered without donor restriction.

The following schedule summarizes the activity of this endowment fund, reported at fair value, for the years ended June 30:

	2024			2023		
Interest and dividends Realized gains Unrealized gains (losses) Investment management and OCF fees	\$	17,887 5,228 223,913 <u>(14,700</u>)	\$	12,217 102,559 42,370 <u>(13,007</u>)		
Net change before contributions and distributions		232,328		144,139		
Contributions to OCF Approved distributions to FFLC		-		250,000 <u>(35,728</u>)		
Net increase (decrease) in beneficial interest		232,328		358,411		
Beginning balance		2,080,068		1,721,657		
Ending balance	\$	2,312,396	<u>\$</u>	2,080,068		

9. Bank Line of Credit

FFLC has a line of credit agreement with Umpqua Bank which permits borrowings of up to \$400,000. FFLC The line of credit is collateralized by FFLC's accounts receivable, inventory, and equipment. The most recent renewal of the line of credit expires October 8, 2026. Interest is charged on borrowings at a variable interest equal to the 1.000 percentage point below the Prime Rate as published in the Wall Street Journal, with a floor of 3.25 percent, through October 8, 2026. The rate on the line of credit at June 30, 2024 was 7.5 percent. There was no balance on the line of credit at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

10. Board Designated Net Assets

The Board-designated funds to be held as an endowment fund which is held with OCF (Note 8). In the prior year, the Board of Directors released the remaining unused funds for the food and hunger programs reserve out of board designations. The Board of Directors has also designated \$600,000 from a large bequest from a Garden Program donor to be used for ongoing Garden Program operations and future capital improvements.

The Board reserves the right to release Board designations or to adjust the designated purpose based on changes of needs of FFLC's financial health or changes of the needs and opportunities in the community.

At June 30, board-designated net assets (without donor restriction) were comprised of the following:

	 2024		2023
Board designated endowment fund Gardens program reserve	\$ 2,312,396 330,897	\$	2,080,068 <u>393,442</u>
Total board-designated net assets	\$ 2,643,293	<u>\$</u>	2,473,510

11. Restrictions of Net Assets

At June 30, net assets with donor restrictions were available for the following purposes or periods:

		2024	 2023
Donated food and USDA food inventory for distribution Meals on Wheels program Food purchase grants Partner agency capacity grants Farm land development For other programs	\$	1,066,234 76,552 1,205,134 827,440 400,000 <u>340,342</u>	\$ 1,030,693 333,368 75,000 - - 181,933
Total net assets with purpose restrictions		3,915,702	1,620,994
Net assets with time restrictions Perpetual endowment		250,000 48,017	 - 48,017
Total net assets with donor restrictions	<u>\$</u>	4,213,719	\$ 1,669,011

The income from the perpetual endowment assets is donor restricted and can be used to hire a physically or mentally disabled individual part-time to assist in the warehouse.

12. Donated Food and Commodities

Donations of food and commodities are recorded as support at their estimated fair market value. Commodities received from the USDA are recorded at the estimated value provided by the USDA. Donations of non-USDA food commodities received through Oregon Food Bank and from other sources for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, were valued at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the estimated fair market values used to record food donations was \$2.09 and \$1.91, respectively, per pound. Inventory of current year food donations not distributed is reflected as net assets with donor restrictions. Total estimated value of donated food and commodities received during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$13,504,572 and \$11,469,999, respectively.

13. Employee Benefit Plan

Effective January 1, 2022, FFLC converted its employee retirement plan from a SIMPLE IRA plan to a 401(k) plan. The 401(k) plan is administered by FFLC and offers participating employees a choice of several different investment funding options. In addition to FFLC contributions to the 401(k) plan, employees may elect to contribute to the 401(k) plan through salary deferrals. Under the 401(k) plan, FFLC matches employee contributions dollar-for-dollar from 1 percent to 3 percent of employee salary. Employees must be 18 years or older to participate in the retirement plan. They are eligible to participate and receive FFLC contributions the first day of the month after three months of continuous employment. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, FFLC had contributions and plan fees of a total of \$97,379 and \$88,591, respectively, for the applicable retirement plans.

14. Fair Value Measurement

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability; in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market.

Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income, or cost approach are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities for which the Organization has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

14. Fair Value Measurement, continued

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. All mutual funds held by FFLC are open-ended funds that are registered with the SEC and are deemed to be actively traded.

Certificates of deposit and U.S. Treasury bills: Valued at cost plus interest earned which approximates fair value using inputs that are observable in an inactive market (Level 2 inputs).

Beneficial interest in the assets of OCF: Valued at the net present value of the estimated future amount to be received from such assets based on the value provided by OCF (Level 3 inputs).

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, FFLC's investments at fair value as of June 30:

	Assets at Fair Value as of June 30, 2024								
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	_	Total	
Mutual fund – balanced index fund	\$	62,327	\$	-	\$	-	\$	62,327	
Mutual fund – stock market index		4,415		-		-		4,415	
Mutual funds – bonds		2,168,470		-		-		2,168,470	
Mutual funds – equities		1,942,583		-		-		1,942,583 262,744	
U.S. Treasury bills (>13 weeks) Certificates of deposit		-		262,744		-		202,744	
Beneficial interest in the assets		-		-		-		-	
of OCF		-		-		2,312,396		2,312,396	
Total assets at fair value	\$	4,177,795	<u>\$</u>	262,744	<u>\$</u>	2,312,396	<u>\$</u>	6,752,935	

14. Fair Value Measurement, continued

	Assets at Fair Value as of June 30, 2023								
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Mutual fund – balanced index fund	\$	60,076	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,076	
Mutual fund – stock market index		3,584		-		-		3,584	
Mutual funds – bonds		2,257,709		-		-		2,257,709	
Mutual funds – equities		1,888,925		-		-		1,888,925	
U.S Treasury bills (>13 weeks)		-		500,559		-		500,559	
Certificates of deposit		-		1,926,619		-		1,926,619	
Beneficial interest in the assets									
of OCF						2,080,068		2,080,068	
Total assets at fair value	<u>\$</u>	4,210,294	<u>\$</u>	2,427,178	<u>\$</u>	2,080,068	<u>\$</u>	8,717,540	

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed costs could become a liability of FFLC. Management believes there are no such unallowable costs.

16. Concentrations

Concentration of Credit Risk Due to Grants and Program Receivables

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to grants receivable are limited to governmental agencies in the state of Oregon, including some pass-through nonprofit and federal grants and grants from charitable foundations. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, receivables from two agencies accounted for all of the program revenue related receivables. As of June 30, 2024, receivables one grantor comprised approximately 76 percent of the total grants (contributions) receivable. As of June 30, 2023, receivables from two grantors comprised approximately 74 percent of total grants (contributions) receivable.

Concentrations of Credit Risk Arising from Deposits in Excess of Insured Limits

FFLC maintains cash and certificate of deposit balances at several financial institutions located in Eugene, Oregon. Accounts at each institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. In 2024 and 2023, bank balances exceeded FDIC insurance limits at various times during the year. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, cash and certificate of deposit balances held in excess of federally insured limits were \$-0- and \$462,746, respectively.

Additionally, FFLC maintains investment and cash equivalent balances which are insured by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) up to \$500,000 at each financial institution. Balances exceeded SIPC insurance limits at various times during the year. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, investment and cash equivalent balances held in excess of insured limits were \$5,337,359 and \$4,025,176, respectively.

17. Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation. Such reclassifications had no impact on previously stated net assets or change in net assets.

SINGLE AUDIT INFORMATION

FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Federal Assistance		Passed
	Contract	Listing	Federal	Through to
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Food Distribution Cluster:				
Passed through Oregon Food Bank, Inc.: Commodity Supplemental Food Program Emergency Food Assistance Program -		10.565	241,947	-
Administration Emergency Food Assistance Program -		10.568	77,021	-
Food Commodities		10.569	2,341,841	2,231,975
Total Food Distribution Cluster			2,660,809	2,231,975
Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed through Oregon Department of Education:			100.005	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	2006004	10.559	136,635	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,797,444	2,231,975
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Developmen	t			
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster: Passed through Lane County: Community Development Block Grant -				
City of Eugene Community Development Block Grant -	55569	14.218	155,549	-
City of Springfield	55568	14.218	24,222	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			179,771	<u> </u>
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Lane County Emergency Food and Shelter Board:				
Emergency Food and Shelter National Program	712800	97.024	46,978	
Total federal awards			<u>\$ 3,024,193</u>	<u>\$ 2,231,975</u>

FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of FOOD for Lane County, Inc. (FFLC) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in the Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The Schedule is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of FFLC.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule include non-monetary assistance in the form of food and other commodities received through the USDA Food Distribution Cluster of federal programs. The amount expended is determined based on the pounds of such commodities distributed using the per pound value provided by USDA. At June 30, 2024, FFLC had government food commodities totaling \$330,501 in inventory which were not reported as expenditures in the Schedule as the food commodities were not yet distributed.

FFLC has elected to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors FOOD for Lane County, Inc. Eugene, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of FOOD for Lane County, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

 The Right People Beside You.
 BEND
 300 SW Columbia Street
 EUGENE
 260 Country Club Road
 HILLSBORO
 6723 NE Bennett St.

 > jrcpa.com
 Suite 201
 Suite 201
 Suite 100
 Suite 220

 Bend, OR 97702
 Eugene, OR 97401
 Hillsboro, OR 97124

 phone
 (541) 382–3590
 phone
 (541) 687–2320
 phone
 (503) 648–0521

 fax
 (541) 382–3587
 fax
 (541) 485–0960
 fax
 (503) 648–2692

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jones Roth P.C.

Jones & Roth, P.C. Eugene, Oregon October 30, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors FOOD for Lane County, Inc. Eugene, Oregon

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, FOOD for Lane County, Inc. complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of FOOD for Lane County, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s federal programs.

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Suite 201 Bend, OR 97702 phone (541) 382–3590 fax (541) 382–3587

BEND 300 SW Columbia Street EUGENE 260 Country Club Road HILLSBORO 6723 NE Bennett St. Suite 100 Eugene, OR 97401 phone (541) 687–2320 fax (541) 485–0960

Suite 220 Hillsboro, OR 97124 phone (503) 648–0521 fax (503) 648-2692

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of FOOD for Lane County, Inc.'s internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance to the type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jones Roth P.C.

Jones & Roth, P.C. Eugene, Oregon October 30, 2024

FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Summary of Auditor's Results

- The independent auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of FFLC.
- No significant deficiencies and no material weaknesses in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of FFLC, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- No significant deficiencies and no material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the internal control over major federal award programs.
- The independent auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for FFLC expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- There are no audit findings or questioned costs that are required to be reported in this schedule in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Accietance

• The programs tested as major programs were:

Listing #
-
10.565
10.568
10.569

- The threshold for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- FFLC qualified as a low-risk auditee.

Findings – Financial Statements Audit

None.

Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None.

FOOD FOR LANE COUNTY, INC. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Prior Year Findings – Financial Statements Audit

None.

Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None.